Workshop 8: Every Day, Every Way!

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Level: Elementary

72%

Nota: 3.6

In this workshop you will practise months, adverbs of frequency, and expressions of frequency. You will learn *where* to put these words in a sentence, read a true-life story, watch a video, and start your own **Verb Dictionary**.

Months of the Year

a. Complete the months. Write the missing letters.

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH
APRIL (April)	MAY	JUNE
JULY (July)	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER

Expressions of Frequency

a. Complete the expressions. Write the full word on the line. How often do you see your friends?

Example: every **day** *(M, T, W, Th, F, S, S)*	
1. every ~~week~~	**week 1, week 2, week 3…**
2. every Months (month)	January, February, March…
3. every Year	2025, 2026, 2027…
4. Once a week	e.g. only on Mondays
5. Twice a week	e.g. Mondays and Wednesdays
6. Three times a week	e.g. Mon, Wed, Fri
7. Four times a year	e.g. Jan, Apr, Jul, Oct

Word box (write these in the correct line):
week • month • year • once • twice • three • four

Tip: we say **once** (1 time), **twice** (2 times), then **three / four times**.

Position of Adverbs & Expressions

We use adverbs and expressions of frequency to say ***how often*** we do something.

THE BIG RULE — where do I put it?

☑ **ADVERBS (one word:** *always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never*)
They go **BEFORE the main verb.**
I always *wake up early.*

◇ **EXPRESSIONS (many words:** *every day, twice a week, once a month*)
They go **AT THE END** of the sentence.
I check my phone every day.

Easy trick: ONE word → goes early (before the verb). MANY words → wait at the end.

Careful! The verb *be* is special.
With *be*, the adverb goes **AFTER** it:
She is **always** *happy.* (NOT: She always is happy.)
And with **hardly ever / never**, use a **positive** verb:
He never eats meat. NOT: ~~*He doesn't never eat meat.*~~

a. Put the adverb of frequency in the correct place. Rewrite the sentence.

They drive – they don't have a car. **(never)**
→ *They never drive – they don't have a car.*

1. I walk to work. **(always)**
I always walk to work ✓

2. Do you wear glasses? **(usually)**
Do you usually wear glasses? ✓

3. I'm bored. **(hardly ever)**
I'm hardly never bored ✗ **hardly ever**

4. She does housework. **(sometimes)**
She sometimes does housework ✓

5. We go to the cinema. **(hardly ever)**
We hardly never go to the cinema ✗ **hardly ever**

6. Why are you late? **(always)**
Why are you always late? ✓

7. My girlfriend is stressed. **(never)**
My girlfrien is never stressed. ✓

8. Does it rain in December? **(often)**
Does it often rain in December. ✓

b. Order the words to make correct sentences.

always she at six up gets
→ She always gets up at six.

1. for late never I am class

I am never late for class

2. eat ever fast hardly we food

We hardly ever eat fast food

3. what work you usually time do finish ?

What you usually work time finish?

What time do you usually finish work?

4. parents out night often my go don't at

My parents don't often go at out night

...go out at night

5. always brother lunchtime is my hungry at

My brother is always hungry at lunchtime

6. don't homework always our we do

We don't always do our homework

Do you usually drive to work?

7. you work usually to do drive ?

do you usually work to drivex

Our teacher is hardly ever angry

8. hardly teacher angry is our ever

Teaches is hardly ever our angry

How Often? Match the Meaning

a. Match each adverb (1–6) with how often it means (a–f). Write the letter.

#	Adverb		How often
1	always	5	a. About once or twice a year.
2	often	1	b. 100% – every time.
3	usually	6	c. 0% – not one time.
4	sometimes	4	d. A few times – not always.
5	hardly ever	2	e. Most days / most of the time.
6	never	3	f. Many times, but not always.

***normally* = *usually*.** I normally get up early. = I usually get up early.

Reading: The People Who Live to 100

a. Read the story. It is about real places called "Blue Zones".

Secrets of a Long Life

#health #everyday #blue-zones

In a few special places in the world, many people live to 100 years old. Scientists call these places **"Blue Zones"**. One is the island of Sardinia, in Italy. Another is Okinawa, in Japan. The people there are not rich, and they do not take special medicine. So what is their secret? It is their **daily habits**.

People in Blue Zones **always** move their bodies. They **usually** walk to visit their friends, and they work in their gardens **every day**. They **hardly ever** use a car for short trips.

Their food is simple. They eat vegetables and beans **every day**, and they **often** eat fruit from their own trees. They eat meat only **two or three times a month**. They **never** eat very big meals.

Family is also important. In Okinawa, old people **rarely** feel alone, because they see their family **every week**. They **sometimes** rest in the afternoon, and they **usually** go to bed early. They are happy, and they are **hardly ever** stressed.

Maybe the secret of a long life is not difficult. Move your body, eat simple food, and see the people you love — every day.

b. Read again and answer the questions.

1. What do scientists call these special places?
   Scientists call them BLUE ZONES ✓
2. How do people in Blue Zones usually visit their friends?
   They usually walk to visit their friends ✓
3. How often do they eat vegetables and beans?
   They eat meat only two or three times a month ✗ every day
4. How often do they eat meat?
   They eat meat only two or three times a month ✓
5. How often do the people in Okinawa see their family?
   They see their family every week ✓
6. Are the people there often stressed? Why / why not?
   No they aren't. They are happy, their family often, rest in the afternoon sometimes, and usually go to bed early. They are hardly ever stressed. ✓

c. Write about YOUR life. Compare your habits with the Blue Zones.

Use these to help you:

I always / usually / sometimes / hardly ever / never ...

I ... every day / once a week / twice a month ...

Write 4 true sentences about your daily habits:

Now finish this sentence:

My life is / is not like a Blue Zone, because The people there aren't rich

a. Watch the documentary about the island of Okinawa. Mark each sentence T (true) or F (false).

VIDEO LISTENING



1. Okinawa is an island to the north of Japan. T / F
2. Okinawans who are 70 have bodies like 50-year-olds. T / F
3. "Hara hachi" means: stop eating before you are completely full. T / F
4. People in Okinawa do not eat any meat or fish. T / F
5. Seaweed is a common food on the island. T / F
6. They practise yoga every day. T / F
7. Okinawans usually do things in a hurry. T / F (F)
8. When an Okinawan turns 100, there is a special celebration called "kajimaya". T / F

b. Listen to the audio 4.20 and write the sentences.

Listening — practise with the audio (not graded)

1. a. I ··· each TV on the evening
   b. Do you do is sleepin in the day
   c. She sometimes that spot
   d. She doesn't of the bed late
2. a. Do hotly every day
   b. He doesnt drest
   c. I do hosly in the classroom
3. a. I have english clasing thats week
   b. She doesn't do evereg day

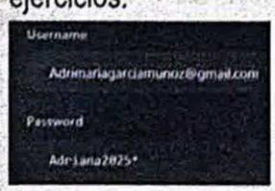
Recuerda

¡Mira nuestra serie!

Antes de la próxima clase, mira el **primer episodio** de nuestra serie. Solo míralo y disfrútalo – en la próxima clase te digo qué vamos a hacer con él.

English File Online

Haz tu práctica de **English File online HASTA** la unidad 4C. Inicia sesión y completa los ejercicios.







Assessmen NEXT CLASS: EVALUACIÓN PRÓXIMA CLASE

Por favor estudia las **Unidades 3 & 4 (Desde la página 22 hasta la 35).**